The Middletown Transcript

Published every Saturday Morning
—AT—
Middletown, New Castle Co, Delaware
—BY—
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(INCORPORATED)

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., FEBRUARY 28th, 1920

SECTIONAL INTERESTS IN WAR

DURING the war attention was frequently called to the policy of the Administration of never missing an opportunity to throw war business to the Southern States.

A large proportion of the camps and cantonments were located in the South, justification for that policy being found in the milder climate.

An immense nitrogen producing plant was established by an enormous appropriation—a plant that has not produced a pound of nitrogen and could not have produced for several years, even though the war had continued.

Newspapers throughout the South published advertisements through all the Northern States calling attention to the fact that because of the great prosperity the South was enjoying as a result of the war, Southern newspapers presented the best opportunity for advertising by people who had something to sell.

All these incidents were pointed out at the time to show that the war was being utilized to promote sectional interests.

Now comes a report in the Manufacturers' Record, with detailed statistics showing that the South has the largest rate of increase in motor vehicle registration.

The purchase of automobiles may very safely be accepted as a pretty fair indication of prosperity—not merely the prosperity of normal business, but the extraordinary prosperity that leads to indulgence in luxury.—*Evening Journal.*

This criticism of the Evening Journal' editor, is eminently fair and just. In all the history of political parties in this country since the foundation of our government, there has never been an administration so plainly, so shamelessly run on a partisan, or worse still, on a sectional basis. What adds to the gravamen of this serious charge is the fact that eighty per cent.—so it is said—of all the huge sum of about $20,000,000,000 spent to finance the war, was raised in the northern and western states; and a vast proportion of these expenditures made on plants, camps, ships, materials, manufactures, etc, was expended south of Mason and Dixon's line! Emphatically, to use an old Civil War term, "The Southern brigadiers have been in the saddle."

MEATS DOWN

THE greedy Meat Trust in Chicago that has already boosted prices almost out of sight had arranged for still another hoist towards the moon by accumulating enormous quantities of meats of all kinds, fresh and salted, for shipment to Europe.

This artificial scarcity made by themselves would have supported their pretence for a raise upon that ground.

But something happened they had not calculated upon—exchange fell to unheard of low rates, the English

[redacted]

SAW BIRTH OF GREAT MEN

Year 1809 Was Remarkable for the Advent of a Number of Personages Who Won Distinction.

During 1809 occurred the births of more distinguished persons than in any other year of the last century. It is, of course, just possible, though not at all likely, that during one of the last few years of the century there may have been born children whom the future will prove to be as great as those who saw the light in 1809, but all probabilities are against it. It would be truly marvelous should any one of those years have brought into being celebrities whose names shall one day rank with those of the Americans Lincoln, Poe and Holmes; the Englishmen Darwin, Tennyson and Gladstone and the English woman Elizabeth Barrett Browning; the German Mendelssohn and the Pole Chopin. These names stand for achievement in statesmanship, literature, music and science that must remain unparalleled so far as human intelligence can foresee. The eighteenth century had such a year in 1769, which has been called "The Year of Great Babies."

The conditions of unrest, of enfranchisement, the opportunities that came to these notabilities in their youth can hardly be repeated.

To those who believe in the mystic properties of numbers there will be significance in the fact that to 1809 belongs a series of significant dates that seem to be connected in some occult way with human liberty. Though we may admit that there is no real significance in the coincidences, it is at least interesting to know how many dates ending with the figure 9 have been notable for marking eras in human freedom.

Beginning with the Christian era, the year 9 saw the first great victory of the Germanic tribes under Hermann, or Arminius, the first rising of that power which was to destroy the Roman empire and make civilization Germanic. The year 29 is the date of the Crucifixion, most significant of all in the history of human liberty.

Good Old Dudeen Coming Back.

History moves in cycles. So the corncob pine. It's coming back to popularity. One finds it on the street, in the workshop, behind the polished doors of the bank directors' rooms. It is an old friend, returning in its old dress.

The reason? Just because, perhaps. Increased—inflated prices of cigars, some charge—have driven thousands of cigar smokers back to the pipe. And pipe smokers know that there is none so sweet as the Missouri meerschaum.

It, for decades, has been the fisherman's standby, and the hunter's, and the outdoor man's in general. The briar, the meerschaum and pipes of various clays and woods have their following. But any of these devotees are glad, once in a while, to pick up one of Mark Twain's favorite bowls, load her up to the top and pull for the shore.

The corncob pipe is cheap in price, but is worthy a potentate's pocket, when it comes to solid comfort. Watch the corncob pipes go by.—Chicago Post.

Easy-Starting Car—No Reduction.

Brown, a North side resident, rented a garage from Green, who also owned a car. In the course of time the two discussed quite freely the various merits of their two cars.

Truth to tell, Green's car was a trifle hard to start in the cooler months. But Brown often told Green how easily his car would start when the cool weather came on. "Yes, I [redacted] least bit of trouble last [redacted] "Just walked into [redacted] pped on the starter [redacted] rted. My neighbor [redacted] umor his car with [redacted] g hot water on the [redacted] erything else."

[redacted] e owner of the ga[redacted] an who kept his car [redacted] quite a little trou[redacted] cold weather, and [redacted] ction of $2 a month [redacted] ge was not heated, [redacted] on't be necessary to [redacted] n!"—Indianapolis

[redacted] as.

[redacted] ner at the house [redacted] e I met a num[redacted] rs to me. The [redacted] nd I was pleased [redacted] ntances. When [redacted] to take several [redacted] automobile. We [redacted] rt distance when [redacted] gave out. At a [redacted] scovered that I did [redacted] e of a single gallon [redacted] rning, I informed [redacted] lly, that the man [redacted] to the gasoline pump [redacted] rn for an hour, and [redacted] waiting, it probably [redacted] for them to seek the [redacted] hich they did.—Ex.

[redacted] Gave Him Clue.

[redacted] erts of Scranton, Pa., [redacted] verseas in Uncle Sam's [redacted] ut to a town in Eng[redacted] g to find the home of [redacted] r. Passing by a house [redacted] h the window his fa[redacted] anging on the wall, and [redacted] randmother whom he

[redacted] New Loot.

[redacted] story man is going out

[redacted] u mean?"

[redacted] tocking-up process, he [redacted] he cellar."

[redacted] ic Suggestion.

[redacted] the janitor we need

[redacted] Mrs. Frizzle.

[redacted] ttention to the [redacted] sent up a booklet [redacted] rtisements."

[redacted] Vill[redacted]

[redacted] k Piacenti

Public Sale
—OF—
177 Acre Farm!

Owing to ill health and not being able to give the farm my personal attention, I have decided to sell at Public Sale my farm, located on the west side of the railroad at Forest Station, in Blackbird hundred, and known as the "Curlett Farm," containing 177 acres,

Saturday, Feb. 28, '20

at 11 o'clock, A. M.,
in front of the Townsend Hotel, in Townsend, Del.

This farm is nicely located on the railroad and also a good stone road, being only one mile from school, one mile from the State Boulevard and within ½ mile of Records Canning Plant. The soil is well adapted for growing vegetables, peaches, apples, and small fruit and will also produce both wheat and corn. During the past four years I have limed the land twice and in other ways used considerable fertilizers and compost.

The buildings consist of an 8-room house, good granary, horse stable, cow stable, in excellent condition, will accommodate 12 cows. Has a fine peach orchard of 1000 trees, now in bearing; 250 kiefer pear trees. Also the landlord's share of 28 acres of wheat in the ground will go to the purchaser.

Prospective purchasers are invited to inspect the farm before day of sale.

Possession will be given on March 1st, 1920.

Terms of Sale

The purchaser or purchasers will be required to pay 15% of the purchase price as soon as the property is struck off. The remainder to be paid within 30 days from day of sale.

WILLIAM T. MILLS.

D. P. HUTCHISON, Auctioneer.

P. S.—Anyone desiring more information in reference to this sale or property, communicate with Martin B. Burris, Esq., Middletown, Del.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
—OF—
Red Lion Hundred

The taxable residents of Red Lion Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred are hereby notified that the County and School Taxes for the year 1919 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT HOME AT ST. GEORGES
Every Week Day
DURING FEBRUARY, 1920

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TAX-PAYERS

A rebate of 8 per cent. will be allowed on all school taxes paid not later than August 10th, 1919. After that date there will be no rebate whatever.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

Extract from the Laws of Delaware, Governing the Collection of Taxes of New Castle County, Section 3, Chapter 30, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, as Amended.

SEC 3—That on all county taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one-half per centum per month until the same shall be paid

J. C. STUCKERT
Collector for Red Lion Hundred

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
—OF—
Pencader Hundred

The taxable residents of Pencader Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said hundred, are hereby notified that the County and School taxes for the year 1919 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred will be

AT HOME AT IRON HILL, MD.
Every Week Day
DURING FEBRUARY, 1920

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TAX-PAYERS

A rebate of 8 per cent. will be allowed on all school taxes paid not later than August 10th, 1919. After that date there will be no rebate whatever.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

Extract from the Laws of Delaware, governing the collection of Taxes of New Castle County, Section 3, Chapter 30, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, as amended.

SEC 3—That on all county taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one half of one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

EDWARD O. WALTON
Collector of Taxes for Pencader Hundred

Shoe Repairing!

I wish to inform the public that I have opened a first-class

Shoe Repair Shop

in the store-room recently occupied by the Chinese Laundry, on North Broad Street, where I am ready to do the best possible work at reasonable prices. I am also equipped to all work on very short notice. Your patronage is solicited.

Store open from 8 A M. to 9 P. M. daily except Saturday, when we [redacted] at 6 P. M.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
—OF—
St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the county and school Taxes for the year 1919 are now due, and the under signed Tax Collector for said Hundred. will be

AT R. S. CARPENTER'S STORE
Port Penn, Delaware
THURSDAY, FEB. 26th, 1920
from 1 to 4 p. m.

AT LEE SPARKS' OFFICE
Odessa, Delaware
FRIDAY, FEB. 27th, 1920
from 1 p. m. to 4 p m.

JOHN HELDMYER'S OFFICE,
Middletown, Delaware
SATURDAY, FEB. 28th, 1920
from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

On all other days at my residence near Mt. Pleasant.

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TAX-PAYERS

A rebate of 8 per cent. will be allowed on all school taxes paid not later than August 10th, 1919. After that date there will be no rebate whatever.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personable application to the Collector or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NAW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Sec 3-That on all county taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shallbe added one-half of one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

EUGENE E. PAXSON.
Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS
—OF—
Appoquinimink Hundred

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the county and school Taxes for the year 1919 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

AT THE OFFICE OF D. B. MALONEY, IN TOWNSEND, DEL.,

EVERY SATURDAY,
During FEBRUARY, 1920,

From 2 P. M. until evening

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TAX-PAYERS

A rebate of 8 per cent. will be allowed on all school taxes paid not later than August 10th, 1919. After that date there will be no rebate whatever.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one-half of one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

JOSEPH C. HUTCHISON,
Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimin Hundred

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
—OF—
Blackbird Hundred

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the county and school Taxes for the year 1919 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

AT FLEMING'S LANDING,
SATURDAY, FEB. 28th, 1920,
From 1 to 4 P. M.

AT BLACKBIRD,
MONDAY, FEB. 23d, 1920,
From 1 to 4 P. M.

RESIDENCE OF JOHN WALTON
FRIDAY, FEB. 27th, 1920,
From 1 to 4 P M.

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TAX-PAYERS

A rebate of 8 per cent. will be allowed on all school taxes paid not later than August 10th, 1919. After that date there will be no rebate whatever.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

Section 3—That on all County taxes paidbefore the day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum.On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one-half of oneper centum per month until the same shall be paid.

JOHN BEITH,
Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

For Sale!

I will exchange for land near Dover, Delaware, "The White House Farm," in the celebrated loam belt of Bohemia Manor, 2½ miles from Middletown, Delaware. Ample buildings, old shade. Ninety acres in wheat and timothy; 40 acres in timothy and clover. 210 acres of the best Bohemia Manor loam. Farm in complete running order and has not been in the market for 106 years. Apply to

DR. JAMES MARTIN,
"[redacted] Green,"
[redacted] ver, Del.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware.

ON MONDAY,
THE 1st DAY OF MARCH 1920
at 9.30 o'clock, A. M.,

the following described Real Estate, viz:

ALL those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land with the bungalow thereon erected, situate at Brack-Ex, Christiana Hundred, New Castle County and State of Delaware, and known as lots Nos. 24 and 25, Block H, on the plan of Brack-Ex, as the same remains of record in the office for the recording of Deeds, in and for New Castle County, and State of Delaware, in Deed Record M, Volume 24, Page 601, bounded and described as one lot as follows, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point in the centre line of Brighton Avenue, at fifty feet wide, as marked out on said plan, at the distance of two hundred feet southerly from the intersection of the centre line of Brighton Avenue, with the centre line of Marion Avenue, as marked out on said plan; thence easterly and parallel with Marion Avenue, one hundred and forty-five feet to a point midway between Brighton Avenue and Brookside Avenue; thence southerly, and parallel with Brighton Avenue, fifty feet to a point; thence easterly, and parallel with Marion Avenue, one hundred and forty-five feet to a point in the said centre line of Brighton Avenue, and thence thereby northerly, fifty feet to the place of Beginning; be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Aaron K. Taylor and Ida H. Taylor, his wife, and to be sold by

JOSHUA Z. CROSSLAND, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., February 14, 1920.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Lev. Fac. to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, Southeast Corner of Eleventh and King Streets, City of Wilmington, New Castle County, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY,
THE 28th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1920
at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

the following described Real Estate viz.:

ALL that certain lot or piece of land with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the city of Wilmington, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Rodney street at the distance of one hundred and twenty-two feet northerly from the northerly side of Fourth street, thence westerly parallel with Fourth street, seventy-five feet; thence northerly parallel with Rodney street, thirty-one feet; thence easterly, parallel with Fourth street, seventy-five feet to a point in the said westerly side of Rodney street, and thence thereby southerly thirty-one feet to the place of Beginning. Be the contents thereof what they may.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Marion Brown, Administratrix of William J. Hutchins, deceased Mortgagor, and Sarah Hutchins, Surviving Mortgagor, and to be sold by

JOSHUA Z. CROSSLAND, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., February 9, 1920.

Valley Light Saves Time

The least time saved, as reported by any owner, is 2¼ hours per week. The most, 66 hours. The average, 13½ hours.

Valley Light is a complete unit—engine and generator—with 16-cell storage battery. It supplies ample electricity for lights, water pump washing machines, sweeper cream separator, fanning mill etc

OTWELL & THOMPSON
AGENTS
SUMMIT BRIDGE DEL.

BENJAMIN T. BIGGS
Attorney-at-Law
610 Equitable Building,
Wilmington, Del.
Associated with John Biggs.

LET happiness find its way to your pantry and dining room via this meat market. Let us serve you with a roast whose memory will linger until your next visit to this shop. Our roasts and chops and steaks are all of top notch quality and guaranteed to incite your steady patronage.

Herbert T. Pyle
[redacted] oice Meats, Poultry, Butter

They couldn't be built now for twice $71,000

When the talk turns from politics to railroads, and the traveler with the cocksure air breaks in with, "There's an awful lot of 'water' in the railroads," here are some hard-pan facts to give him:

American railroads have cost $80,900 a mile—roadbed, structures, stations, yards, terminals, freight and passenger trains—everything from the great city terminals to the last spike.

A good concrete-and-asphalt highway costs $36,000 a mile—just a bare road, not counting the cost of culverts, bridges, etc.

Our railroads couldn't be duplicated today for $150,000 a mile.

They are capitalized for only $71,000 a mile—much less than their actual value. Seventy-one thousand dollars today will buy one locomotive.

English railways are capitalized at $274,000 a mile; the French at $155,000; German $132,000; even in Canada (still in pioneer development) they are capitalized at $67,000 a mile. The average for all foreign countries is $100,000.

Low capitalization and high operating efficiency have enabled American Railroads to pay the highest wages while charging the lowest rates.

This advertisement is published by the Association of Railway Executives

Those desiring information concerning the railroad situation may obtain literature by writing to The Association of Railway Executives, 61 Broadway, New York

DELAWARE TRUST COMPANY

WILMINGTON

MIDDLETOWN
DOVER
GEORGETOWN

SEAFORD
LAUREL
MILLSBORO

Margins

The Contentment that you get out of life is mostly a matter of what you do with your Margins—your Margins of Time, of Leisure, of Strength and of Money.

Let this Bank handle your Money Margins.

Farms For Sale

Acres	Price
160	$ 9,000
130	3,600
284	16,500
143	7,500
219	9,000
260	8,000
125	8,000
154	12,000
40	6,000
54	6,700
349	17,000
193	20,000
146	10,000
137	12,000
120	10,000
150	7,000
100	7,000
292	22,500
116	8,500
227	11,000
335	15,000
182	13,650
100	8,000
22	2,000
House and Store	3,000
House and Store	4,800

John Heldmyer, Jr
[redacted]

THE PURE BRED HOLSTEIN BULL CALF SALE WILL BE HELD ON FRIDAY, MARCH 5TH

Col. George Baxter, the famous Holstein auctioneer of New York, wires that he will be on hand to take charge of the pure bred Holstein bull calf sale to be held at Middletown at 1 00 o'clock Friday, March 5, where thirty head of high-class Holstein bull calves will go under the hammer.

This pure bred bull sale, the purpose of which is to supplant the grade and scrub bulls of the state with pure breds, has set many Delaware farmers to thinking.

WHY HAVE A PURE BRED BULL ?

Why should I have a pure bred bull at the head of my herd? This is a question that every farmer should ask himself at this time and strive to answer it conscientiously as it pertains to his own business.

The question as to whether there is a need for better sires in the State is superfluous, as a recent bull survey in New Castle County showed that 92% of the bulls are grades and scrubs. When it is considered that there are 2,500 farms in New Castle County and 10,000 in the State it is evident that there is an infinite field in which to work along these lines.

IT IS ECONOMICAL

In the first place the use of a pure bred bull is economical. The following abstract taken from a pamphlet issued by the Holstein-Friesian Association of America will corroborate this statement, "The average of all the records made by first generation heifers, sired by a pure bred sire, shows an increase of 2987.82 lbs. milk, or 90 per cent. in milk, and 99.50 lbs. fat or 59 per cent. in fat, over the record of their scrub dams"

It is interesting to quote further from this same pamphlet, "Just suppose that a bull sires but ten daughters averaging over their dams no better than the poorest of these four hundred twenty-one daughters on which the experiment was conducted. This poorest bettered her dam by 1,600 lbs milk per year, easily worth $32; and ten such cows would better the yearly income by $320. But a cow is milked for six or seven years, and the ten cows would in that time better their dams by at least $2,000. If a bull bought for $200 brings in $2,000, does he pay? What is the real value of a good bull that sires for his owners possibly 200 daughters during his lifetime?"

IT IS SATISFACTION

"Like begets like." The man who has a pure bred sire generally has a good herd. The three County Agents in Delaware during the year 1919 made 1174 farm visits. During those visits they had the pleasure of being invited to look at dozens of herds. It is a signal fact, however, that one could count on the fingers of one hand the number of times that they were invited to look at a herd where there was not a pure bred bull somewhere around.

It is a satisfaction to own a good herd of cattle. After all, the main thing we get out of life is satisfaction and the knowledge that we are doing something worth while. From this standpoint, the farmer who has the well bred herd is bountifully rewarded.

IT IS THE RIGHT THING TO DO

Get the community spirit. It is noticeable that the best farmers are those who have the community spirit, that is, those farmers who are interested in improving the farming conditions of their community. They not only own a pure bred bull and a well bred herd, but they are concerned that their neighbor has one equally as good. They appreciate that ultimately it is going to make for a better dairy industry in the community and a better market for dairy products and dairy cattle.

The Delaware Holstein-Friesian Association and the County Farm Bureaus are exerting every effort to supplant the grade and scrub bulls of Delaware with pure breds. Get the spirit of the campaign. Get this slogan so deep in your mind that you can't forget it, "A pure bred bull on every farm." After you get one yourself, see to it that your neighbor has one.

LED TO FORTUNE

Pierre's Long Trail of Silver Tip Rewarded.

Determined Hunter Trailed Bear Over Miles of Snow, and Finally Stumbled On and Killed Valuable Arctic Fox.

Of all fur-bearing animals, none is so highly prized by the trapper and patron as the silver fox of the arctic circle. So rare are they that hunters do not devote themselves exclusively to the pursuit, but the story of Pierre Baptiste of that far country is peculiarly thrilling, as it recounts how one of these animals fell before his trusty rifle while he was on the trail of a marauding bear which had been devastating his traps. The Hunter-Trader-Trapper of Columbus, O., tells the story, as repeated by Robert E. Hewes.

"When Pierre Baptiste swore to trail Silver Tip down, he did so with a full realization of what he was swearing to do. But the fiery blood that ran in Pierre's veins when aroused knew no cooling till justice was done," says Mr. Hewes. "And so with his lips set firmly and a light of determination burning in his eyes, he took up the trail of Silver Tip—the sworn Nemesis of that outlaw of the North.

"Two hours later Pierre stopped. The last blur of the timber line had melted away behind him and on the north and on all sides stretched interminable snow. Pierre was sweating from his superexertion and during the momentary rest his clothes froze to boardlike stiffness. His legs were dog-weary and even the weight of his rifle seemed tons, but still the bear's trail led on and on into those God-forsaken regions.

"After a while, Pierre began to lose sense of time. He just plodded doggedly ahead, his eyes glued to the bear's trail. He knew he was getting far, far into the arctic regions. That a bear should wander so far—again he marveled.

Pierre halted, dropped to his knees and stared at something. Hairs, he saw, that the jagged edge of the ice had pulled from the bear as he clambered over—but they were white!—white as the snow itself! He, Pierre Baptiste, was trailing a bear that knew no boundary of snow and ice. A chill wind began to creep over the snow wastes, and Pierre's snowshoes seemed to be tugging to drag him down. But had he not sworn to trail down Silver Tip?

"Within an eighth of a mile, Pierre saw something moving, a lumbering figure plodding over the snow, a figure brown-haired and with a silver nose—and a splash of white on the belly as the snow-dragged. A smile of grim satisfaction cracked Pierre's frosted features as he slipped off his mitten and raised his rifle to his shoulder.

"As Pierre pressed his cheek against the stock of his rifle he thought he saw something out of the corner of his eye that made him turn. He lowered his rifle and scanned the snow field on all sides, but as far as eyes could reach there stretched only the white barrens. The only living thing besides himself was that lumbering ball of brown. Something, the barest bit of a glimpse, had drawn his attention, but he saw no moving thing other than the bear.

"'Eet ees so ver' funny," muttered Pierre, and prepared to raise his rifle determinedly. Then, on a ridge, [illegible] color of the ice it moved ag[illegible] he saw something move. One moment he stared, and his keen eyes distinguished the silver fox from its icy background

"With steellike steadiness Pierre raised his rifle and sighted. A spurt of flame cracked the frosty air and shattered the white silence into a million echoes. The next moment Pierre was stumbling madly across the snow to where a growing red blotch showed clearer than the fox. The trapper fell to his knees by the dead animal and examined it most reverently, running his fingers through the silky fur with the tenderness of a connoisseur. Fortune of fortunes! There was not even a blemish; the bullet had passed into the brain through the eye."

Explorers Will Travel Far.

H. A. Snow, Oakland (Cal.) naturalist, accompanied by his son, Sidney Snow; Donald Keyes, a writer, and Frank S. Wilton, a camera man, are on their way from San Francisco to collect big game specimens and films of obscure native tribes in Africa and Asia.

They will join Leslie M. Simpson and Kenneth Quninan in Africa, both Oakland men, who have been on that continent since May, preparing the expedition that the rest will join in Cape Town.

They purpose to traverse Africa from the Cape to the Sudan, terminating their journey by a boat trip down the whole length of the Nile. Thence they expect to enter Asia, returning to the United States by way of Siberia. They hope to obtain specimens of the Manchurian tiger.

Yakima Indians Run a Bank.

At Wapato, Yakima county, Washington, is perhaps the only bank in the United States owned and controlled by Indians. The American Commercial bank in the center of the Yakima Indian reservation, was established about a year ago and is on a solid financial basis, doing an exceptionally good business. All of its officers and directors, with the exception of the cashier, are Indians.

AMERICA'S FRUIT, THE APPLE

People Are Beginning to Show It Proper Appreciation, and Crop Should Be Increased.

Americans are coming to treat apples more as a food and less as a between-meals superfluity than they used to do, yet when the north wind blows and the fireside glows they can't refrain from paying especial attention to the question whether there is a plenty of them. This year, the farm reports tells us, there is not. There are, in the whole country, 1,091,000 barrels fewer than there were in 1918, and almost the same shortage from the crop of 1916, though we are considerably better off than we were in 1917. That is, we have 24,000,000 barrels this year. That's about one for each family in the country, and each family, not each member thereof, might, if they were evenly distributed, have one apple a day. The true lover of apples will never admit this to be sufficient, and he should not.

It is not especially cheering to learn that the country's crop of apples does not tend to increase. Our record crop was in 1912, but we had almost as many in 1896, and the crop in 1895 was greater than that in either of the past four years. But the apple is America's fruit, the most satisfactory, the most dependable, [illegible] most healthful fruit in the world.—[illegible]rd Times.

SHOW STARTS
7.45 P. M.
—
One Show Only

MIDDLETOWN OPERA HOUSE
J. E. LEWIS, Prop.
Program for week beginning March 1st

ADMISSION
—
ADULTS, 22 Cents
CHILDREN, 11 Cents
Including War Tax

MONDAY, MARCH 1st
EXHIBITOR'S MUTUAL COR. Presents
Beatriz Micheline
—in—
"The Heart of Juanita"
A high tension pulse stimulating drama, of the days when conventions were forgotten and morals harked back to the primitive when men died with their boots on. Beatriz Micheline takes the role of a Spanish woman as no other woman could do. A picture full of excitement.
Comedy—"His Love Letters." Harry Depp and Elinor Fair. Pathe News, No. 10.

TUESDAY, MARCH 2d
AN ART-CRAFT PICTURE Featuring
Fred Stone
—in—
"Johnny Get Your Gun"
Johnny Wiggins—stunt puller and acrobat is a moving picture actor of the real Western cow-boy type. If you were in jail and a vast fortune had been left to you and your sister was about to marry a worthless money seeker, would you send your Pa to save the situation? Bill Burnham just yelled "Johnny Get Your Gun" and Johnny did. Don't miss this, if you enjoy good comedy of the better class. Rolin Comedy—"Order in The Court." Serial, "Elmo the Mighty."

WED. and THURS., MARCH 3d and 4th
THE GREAT PARAMOUNT ART-CRAFT PICTURE
in 9 big reels
"Male And Female"
We do not have to advertise this picture. we only ask that you get this information from your friends who have seen it. We know we'll see you at the box office the night of this play. A picture that can run for 19 weeks at one theatre is some picture. This picture will be run for 2 nights and we anticipate a larger audience the second night than we have the first. This is a Cecil B. DeMille production. Read the story in The Transcript and look for the ad. Also plenty of good clean comedy and reviews each night. Prices, Adults, 50c; Children, 25c.

FRIDAY, MARCH 5th
STATE RIGHTS COR. Presents
Lionel Barrymore
and
An All-Star Cast
—in—
"The Valley of the Night"
Suppose you were a judge of a criminal court and had sentenced to prison a beautiful girl for stealing a beautiful necklace, then through fate you become the leader of a band of crooks, and as you are about to rob your own home you are confronted by this beautiful girl. How would you act? What would be your explanation? Lionel Barrymore who plays the part of the judge and crook in "The Valley of The Night" will be seen at his best in this picture. Comedy—Hallroom Boys, "In Hock." Serial, "Smashing Barriers."

SATURDAY, MARCH 6th
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Madlaine Traverse
—in—
"Rose of The West"
A vivid photo drama of the Northern wilds. The thrilling tale of a woman who could not be sacrificed. A great romance of the Canadian wilderness, in which mother love makes a tigress of a woman in defense of her child, in which Madlaine Traverse powerfully portrays woman's two greatest emotions "Motherly Love" and "Love for a Man." Plenty of Good Comedy. Mutt and Jeff in Switzerland. Fox News.

Performance Proves

Everybody recognizes that to acquire and to keep a patron are two distinctly different matters.

This institution secures its customers through its frank invitation for patronage and through the hearty recommendation of friends.

It retains them through the faithful extention of a worthy service—its performance proves!

As we are serving others, we will gladly serve you.

Safe Deposit Boxes in our Burglar Proof Vault, $2 00 per year.

4% on Savings Accounts Comp. Semi-annually 4%

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PEOPLES NATIONAL BANK
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
J. FRANK ELIASON PRESIDENT L. L. MALONEY, VICE PRES.
W. K. BETTS, CASHIER FRANK R. POOL, ASST. CASH.

Big Money Savers Heavy Suits and Overcoats Now 1-4 Off
$22.50 to $45
Were $30 to $60.00
and all will be much higher next season.
Buy now what you can use.
Special Sales
$6.50 Shoes
Were $8.00 and $10.00
$10 Shoes
Were $12.00 and $15.00
Men's Suits, $15 to $24.50
Men's Overcoats, $15 to $22.50
Heavy Trousers, $2 to $5
Heavy Shoes, $4.50 to $8.50
in our Bargain Basement where you can always save money in Work and Wear Clothes for Men and Boys.
MULLIN'S HOME STORE
Sixth and Market
WILMINGTON

JAMES J. ROSS, President. WM. DENNEY Secretary and Treasurer.
—INCORPORATED 1847 —
Kent County Mutual Insurance Co.
DOVER, DEL.
Insures Property Against FIRE and LIGHTNING
BUSINESS CONDUCTED ON THE MUTUAL SYSTEM
Has Returned to its Policy-Holders in Dividends and Surrendered Policies ove
$700,000.00
Present Membership Over Nine Thousand, With Over
$13,000,000.00 INSURANCE IN FORCE
AGENTS
WM. B. JESTER, Agent, Delaware City. D. B. MALONEY, Agent Townsend,
AGENTS IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS

Business Opportunity
We want a man to open a Branch Store in Middletown. Will require from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars. Experience not necessary. This is an excellent opportunity for a live man to establish a permanent paying business.
Address, MR. T. F. HOGAN
207 W. 8th St., Wilmington, Del.

MOTHER EARTH
REAL ESTATE
INQUIRING ABOUT LOCAL PROPERTY ?
ASK JAY C. DAVIS
SO you're the man who was inquiring about local property are you? Don't you know that you made a mistake by not bringing your questions to this address? Well, you did. Give us an opportunity to furnish you with real estate information. You'll be glad you did.
JAY C. DAVIS
REAL ESTATE
FERTILISER AND LIME
Phone 168

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You want it—You want it
Phone 28R13
We do the rest
GET IT AT
Jones' Pharmacy
TOWNSEND DELAWARE

Fore[illegible]
THE UNIVERSAL CAR
Insist on Genuine Ford Parts
Imitation "Ford" parts are being sold by many mail order houses, down-town stores and garages to unsuspecting Ford owners as "Ford" parts. But they are not Genuine Ford parts. They are made by concerns who have no connection whatsoever with the Ford Motor Company. Tests have shown them to break when the genuine Ford parts didn't even bend.
The Authorized Ford Dealers are your protection. As such, we handle nothing but the Genuine Ford parts. They are made from the famous Ford Vanadium Steel, and each part—according to its use—is heat-treated in the way that will give it the longest wearing qualities.
Our Ford garage and Ford mechanics are at your service at all times. Drive in when replacements or repairs for your Ford car may be necessary. Save your car and also your money.
BURRIS GARAGE
Middletown, Delaware

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now; you
money if you wait.
comparison with any
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Feed 200 pounds
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You see, you ca
risk. Try it now-
FOURACRE
MIDDLET
Lar
THE READY

The Transcript, $1.00

The Transcript, $1 Per Year

Asbestos—There's the Reason

Johns-Manville Asbestos Roofings are made of asbestos fibre and natural asphalts—Nature's own resistants to fire, weather and time. That's the secret of this fire-safe, water and weather-proof roof that lasts so long with so little maintenance expense.

We carry this first-cost-last-cost roofing "Ready-to-lay" in easily handled rolls. With it we furnish the Johns-Manville Roofing Clamps that make roofing joints absolutely tight. Simply nail the clamps down securely along the cemented edge—and the roof is wind and waterproof.

Johns-Manville Roofings

We also carry Johns-Manville "rubber-type"—if that's the kind of roofing you want—Regal Roofing, the best of its kind, and Service Roofing, next to Regal, the most satisfactory of the "rubber-type" roofings.

All Johns-Manville building materials in our stock are backed by Johns-Manville Responsibility. We guarantee them because we know you will get satisfactory service.

Call, telephone, write—we have the answer to your roofing problem.

Short & Walls Lumber Co.

THE VOLUME OF BUSINESS

Done by the Security Trust and Safe Deposit Company speaks much for the usefulness of this strong, old banking institution. All matters receive that attention and care which make it so satisfactory to deal with us. Checking accounts are solicited.

ESTABLISHED 1885

Security Trust & Safe Deposit Co.

SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS
WILMINGTON, DEL.

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Yours for Service

Merchantile License		Fire	Ins.
Automobile	"	Tornado	"
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Fishing, Hunting and all other Licenses.		Theft, Transportation, Accident, Collision, Burglar and Plate Glass Insurance.	

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JUSTICE OF THE PFACE
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Auto-Tires-Fabric & Cord

MOTORCYCLES and BICYCLES
TIRES, TUBES and SUPPLIES

HENRY D. HOWELL

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Auto Top work a Specialty

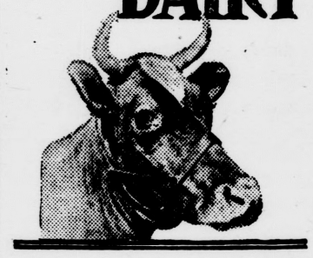
THE TOILET NECESSITIES

of the 20th century women are many and varied. There are certain articles which every woman must have. We have them all in large assortment, to say nothing of our patent medicines and drugs. Everything that a druggist sells can be found at our pharmacy. Give us a call.

MIDDLETOWN DRUG CO.
Earnest A. Truitt, Ph. G. Manager
Middletown, Del

The Transcript, $1 Per Year

The DAIRY



REMEDY DEFECTS IN BUTTER

Use of Churn Numbers Would Enable Inspectors to Sort Out Various Churnings.

Some of the defects noted by butter inspectors of the United States department of agriculture are: Old cream flavor, wavy or mottled appearance, too much salt, and leakiness in the butter. These defects are reported to the shipper when the inspection certificate is sent him, so that he may know why his butter scores low and may remedy the defects.

The use of churn numbers, so that the receivers can more readily sort out separate churnings, is urged by food-product inspectors of the bureau of markets, United States department of agriculture. In one lot of butter, for example, the score varied from 88 to 92. As no churn numbers were shown, the only way the receiver could separate the butter was by examining every tub. If churn numbers had been shown it would have been a simple matter to separate the various churnings and sell them according to score.

It is not possible to take time to examine every tub, so the butter is sold according to the samples taken, and at a discount if the samples vary much. If there should happen to be just one poor tub in the shipment and the sampler found it, the whole shipment would suffer; while if churn numbers were used, only the tubs in that churning would receive the lower score.

DON'T WASTE FUEL IN DAIRY

Exhaust Steam Can Be Advantageously Used in Pasteurizing Milk and Sterilizing Cans.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many factory operations of the dairy industry require the use of heat, although they demand little power. As exhaust steam contains about 90 per cent of its original heat, it can be

All Dairy Utensils Should Be Carefully Sterilized for Use.

advantageously used in pasteurizing milk and cream and in sterilizing dairy equipment in the average commercial plant, according to specialists. They advise that all dairy factory men utilize this waste steam during the current winter, when fuel is scarce and high in price. Information on how to use steam effectively will be furnished free of charge when request is made to the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

VALUE OF BULL AS BREEDER

High Average in All His Daughters Is Final Measure—Four Years Are Needed.

The number of daughters a bull has in the advanced registry is not sufficient measure of his value as a breeder. Neither can his value be measured by a few high-producing daughters. High-average production in all his daughters is the final measure, and that cannot be determined by using the bull two or three years. Four years are needed to measure the value of any bull.

Japanese Paper Underclothing.

An excellent and durable quality of underclothing has been made of a fine-grained paper by Japanese manufacturers. After the paper has been cut to a pattern, the different parts are sewn together and hemmed, and the places where the buttonholes are to be formed are strengthened with calico or linen. The paper is very strong and at the same time very flexible. After a garment has been worn a few hours, it will interfere with the perspiration of the body no more than do garments made of cotton fabrics. The paper is not sized, nor is it impermeable. After becoming wet the paper is difficult to tear. When an endeavor is made to tear it by hand it presents almost as much resistance as the thin skins used for making gloves.

Found Ancient Texas Fort.

The fort built in Texas by the lost colony of the explorer, La Salle, was not located on the La Vaca river, as has been commonly believed, but was further west on the Garcia river, Dr. Herbert E. Bolton, history professor at the University of California, announced recently.

Doctor Bolton, while doing research work, found a map which confirmed a theory he had developed that the colony was not located on the La Vaca. He went to the spot indicated and found the remains of the old fort. It was 90 feet square with walls 2½ feet thick of red adobe bricks. The ruins were almost completely buried.

MILK RECORD IS EXCELLENT

Shipment Made From Los Angeles to Chicago Found Sweet Eighteen Days Afterward.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When a bottle of cream shipped from Los Angeles to the national dairy show at Chicago, was opened and tested 18 days after it had left the cow, it was pronounced in perfect condition by those who examined it. Other samples of milk and cream entered in the national milk and cream contest and examined 15 to 18 days after production were also found to be sweet.

Because of the number of bacteria present, ordinary milk will not remain wholesome for such a long time, even if kept cold. The milk and cream which made such long keeping records were produced under very sanitary conditions, and every precaution was taken to keep them clean and to keep the bacteria count low. Furthermore, the milk was cooled to a low temperature immediately after it was drawn, and held there. The success attained in producing milk of such long-keeping qualities and low bacterial count is due in a large measure to the educational value of the local milk and cream contests which have been especially popular in cities of the Pacific coast states.

The bottles of milk, which were placed in boxes, and surrounded with crushed ice, were kept at a temperature from 32 degrees to 34 degrees F. at all times. The boxes were shipped in baggage cars to Chicago, and most of them were not re-iced along the route. An inspection of the samples on arrival at Chicago showed that of the various methods of packing, the insulated box filled with crushed ice was the most effective. The bottles of milk in these boxes were entirely surrounded by the ice, which was packed in as tightly as possible. One or two samples packed in ice and sawdust arrived in a spoiled condition, due to the fact that a low enough temperature had not been maintained. The ice in the insulated boxes lasted well, and one box from Portland, Oregon, which was re-iced at Minneapolis on Tuesday did not arrive in Chicago until the following Saturday, but was still in good condition.

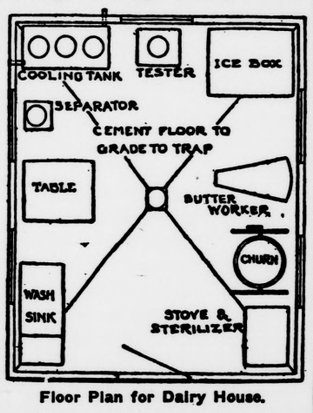
When milk is produced and handled under the right conditions it can be shipped to almost any point in the United States, or to foreign countries, and arrive in good condition. At present considerable quantities are being shipped to Panama, and are used on ocean liners plying between this country and Europe.

FAVOR ONE-STORY BUILDINGS

Recent Survey of Milk Plants Indicate That Low Structures Are Most Satisfactory.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A recent survey of more than 100 milk plants, made by the dairy division, bureau of animal industry, shows that for establishments handling more than 1,000 and less than 5,000 gallons of mily daily, the typical structure is two stories high; where less than 1,000 gallons of milk are handled daily, the plants are usually housed in one-story buildings. Although there are a few



Floor Plan for Dairy House.

plants of three or more stories, this record would seem to indicate that fewer stories prove more satisfactory in most cases. One of the most noteworthy disadvantages of a milk plant having several stories is the increasing quantity of labor needed, in proportion to the size of the business.

Sulphur Deposits in Alaska.

Located in the crater of a snow-capped volcanic mountain on Unalaska island, one of the Aleutian group, is a large deposit of sulphur, believed to contain from 10,000 to 15,000 tons. A claim has been filed for the location, and mining operations probably will start in the near future. Subterranean heat and a hot vapor, the latter issuing from cracks in the rocks, keep the deposit free from ice and snow, though these permanently cover nearly all of the remainder of the peak, which is about 6,000 feet in height. Another sulphur deposit has been discovered on Akun island, in the same group, and a third near Stepovak bay, on the southern shore of the Alaskan peninsula.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Town Peculiarly Named.

What's in a name? becomes a matter for consideration in the case of the happy-go-lucky manner of bestowing one practiced by the surveying party about which Captain Reynardson tells in his book on the Mesopotamian campaign. This party came to a village on the Euphrates not marked on the map, so the surveyors hailed a local Arab and asked him: "What is the name of this village?" "M'adri," the Arab replied, m'adri meaning "I do not know." But the party unquestioningly accepted it as the name of the village, and M'adri the village is to this day—on the survey map.

Something He Was Familiar With.

"Come, my dear poet," the hostess finally begged, "say something to us!"

"Have you observed—duchess," he faltered, desperately. "that—this—year's pawn-tickets are pink?"—London Tit-Bits.

Lay a bet on rolling 'em with

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

ROLLING your own cigarettes with Prince Albert is just about as joy'us a sideline as you ever carried around in your grip! For, take it at any angle, you never got such quality, flavor, fragrance and coolness in a makin's cigarette in your life as every "P. A. home-made" will present you!

Prince Albert puts new smokenotions under your bonnet! It's so delightful rolled into a cigarette—and, so easy to roll! And, you just take to it like you been doing it since away back! You see, P. A. is crimp cut and a cinch to handle! It stays put—*and you don't lose a lot when you start to hug the paper around the tobacco!*

You'll like Prince Albert in a jimmy pipe as much as you do in a home-rolled cigarette, too! Bite and parch are cut out by our exclusive patented process. You know P. A. is the tobacco that has led three men to smoke pipes *where one was smoked before.* Yes sir, Prince Albert blazed the way. And, me-o-my, what a wad of smokesport will ripple your way every time you fill up!

Copyright 1919 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

Awaiting your say-so, you'll find toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps Prince Albert in such perfect condition!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company
Winston-Salem, N. C.

The Tractor That Stays

IT is pretty generally accepted now that the farm power of the future will be generated by kerosene and other low-grade, low-priced fuels. A tractor that operates successfully on these fuels, insuring dependable power at drawbar and belt, is the tractor that will stay because it will pay.

International 8-16 Tractor

has established its reputation for satisfactory performance in the school of experience. It has passed successfully through long and rigid tests under actual field conditions in all sections of the country.

Belt work is becoming more and more important. The use of small threshers, ensilage cutters, etc., combined with a suitable tractor, is making the farmer more and more independent.

All of this emphasizes the value to you of an **International 8-16** tractor that is designed to do tip-top belt work as well as taking care of field and road jobs.

Place your order now and avoid shipping delays.

—Sold by—

J. F. McWHORTER & SON

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Town Election!

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN

The annual election of the Tax-payers of said town, will be held at the office of Daniel W. Stevens, Justice of the Peace, on South Broad street, in Middletown, Delaware, on

Monday, March 1, '20

Polls open at 1 P. M. and close at 4 P. M.

For the purpose of electing Two Commissioners for two years respectfully.

One person for Assessor, one person for Treasurer, and one person for Alderman, to serve one year.

The majority of the Commissioners and the Assessor must be freeholders.

DANIEL W. STEVENS.
Justice of the Peace.

Middletown, Del., Feb. 9th, 1920.

The Transcript, $1.00

Be Awake and Enterprising

and USE

Speedoline and Auto Polish

Speedoline the Great Gas Saver and Carbon Remover. Auto Polish the universal polish without an equal, for your Car and your Furniture.

100 SUB AGENCIES

Representing 2,000 users should be sufficient proof for you to try these goods.

L. V. KIRK

Middletown, Del.

Distributor for States of Delaware and Maryland

Let us Estimate on your next order of Job Printing

MIDDLETOWN OPERA HOUSE

(TWO NIGHTS)

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MARCH 3d & 4th

OPULENT scenes of a life of ease among the titled rich.

BARBARIC scenes of struggle with nature on a South Sea isle.

SPLENDOR of gowns in the draw-rooms of ultra-fashionable sets.

COSTUMES of grass and skins in savage jungles of the tropics.

LADY MARY, in bath and boudoir, in her ancestral mansion in England.

LADY MARY, in rags, shrinking from prowling beasts on a storm-swept coast.

BEAUTIFUL yatching scenes on a placid summer sea.

SHIPWRECK terror, despair. and thrills of heroic rescue,

Paramount-Artcraft Corporation

presents

A Cecil B. DeMille

production

"Male & Female"

in 9 b'g ree's

INTIMATE pictures of below-stairs life in wealthy British households.

PICTURES of love and strife in a primitive land where conventions and classes are forgot.

GORGEOUS spectacles in the palace of a king of ancient Babylon.

BEVIES of beautiful women; pomp of power; excesses of a profligate court.

IDYLLIC scenes of a happy home on a farm in America.

HUMOR, pathos, colorful drama, vivid contrasts, dazzling pageantry enacted by hundreds of players.

ALL the passions and yearnings of the race, fused into a story that beats with blood.

ADMISSION:

ADULTS, 50 cents **CHILDREN, 25 cents**

Delaware Trust Company

Wilmington, Delaware

Beginning on January 1st, 1920

interest will be paid on

SAVING ACCOUNTS

at rate of

4%

Per Annum

YOUR ACCOUNT SOLICITED

E. I. du Pont De Nemours & Co.

Six Per Cent Cumulative

Debenture Stock

Outstanding $60,813,950. **Authorized $150,000,000**

Callable at 125

No mortgage or lien may be placed upon the whole, or any part of the property of the Company without the consent of 75 per cent. of the amount of Debenture Stock outstanding.

Dividends have been paid at the rate of 6 per cent. or better, on the Common stock since 1906. Present rate 18 per cent.

The last statement of the Company shows a surplus of over $68,000,000, or more than the outstanding Debenture stock. And cash and securities on hand amounting to over $200,000,000. Debenture dividends earned over 10 times.

We consider this stock to be one of the most attractive investments in the market.

Price To Yield About 6.75 Per Cent

Income Exempt From Normal Tax

LAIRD & COMPANY

Members New York Stock Exchange

du Pont Building Wilmington, Delaware

EACH DESIGN IS PRETTIER THAN THE LAST ONE

It only remains with you to decide the colors you want. Our carpets and rugs are famous for their beauty, because we buy only the richest patterns. and also take the greatest care to keep in stock only those goods that have proven their durability. Come in and see them. You are bound to be pleased.

J. H. EMERSON

Middletown, : Delaware

The Most Loved of All Presents

Howard Watches
Hamilton Watches
Jewelry
Cut Glass and Silverware

Everything found in an up-to-date Jewelry Store

S. E. MASSEY

The Transcript, $1.00

WATER FED FIRE

Case Where Liquid Was of No Use to Quench Flames.

Metallic Sodium in Vessel's Hold Merely Blazed More Fiercely as Streams From Fire Hose Reached It.

It is said that, for the most part, water if applied in sufficient quantities will eventually quench any fire. In some cases, however, water not only proves ineffectual but actually kindles and nourishes the fire.

When a freighter, the Hardy, steamed out of Le Treport, France, some years ago she carried, besides the mineral water in her hold, a number of small wooden cases marked "metallic sodium."

Now, the channel was rough. The vessel rolled and pitched violently. The captain saw that the ship was listing to port, and suspecting that the cargo was shifting, sent a boatswain below to investigate. As the boatswain entered the hold he saw that several cases of mineral water had broken and that the water was swishing about in the hold. Then suddenly he saw one of the wooden cases marked "sodium" burst into flame.

Immediately he gave the alarm, and the crew rushed to their fire stations. The captain directed the men to turn the hose into the hold. As the first stream of water struck the burning case there were several explosions as package after package within the case caught fire. By this time two other cases of sodium had broken open, and their contents, as they came in contact with the water from the hose, burst into flame.

The crew could not believe their eyes. The more water they poured on the fire, the more intense grew the conflagration. Then suddenly two cases flew into the air, crashed against the overhead beams and spread out in sheets of fire, the smaller pieces dropping back only to bounce and dance about, huge balls of flame in the half-swamped hold.

The superstitious crew was fast becoming unmanageable, and the captain saw that in any case he must abandon the ship. He ordered the crew to the boats not a moment too soon, for as the boats rowed away from the blazing hulk several loud explosions came from the hold. Then there was one mighty detonation; the freighter broke in two and plunged out of sight.

As to Alimony.

"Is there any way a man can avoid paying alimony?" asked the friend who was seeking free advice.

"Sure," replied the lawyer. "He can stay single or stay married."

LIGHTS OF IMMENSE POWER

Rays From Points on United States Coast Are Visible Seventy Miles Out at Sea.

The highest beacon light maintained by the United States for warning navigators is at Cape Mendocino, Cal., 422 feet above sea level. It has a range of 28 miles.

The brightest light and one of the most brilliant in the world is at Navesink, N. J., on the highlands at the entrance of New York bay. It is 25,000,000 candle power and its glare has been seen from 70 miles out in the ocean.

The largest lighthouse "lens" is at Makapuu point, on the island of Oahu (Hawaiian group). Its beam at night brings first news to voyagers from the United States that they are nearing the mid-Pacific archipelago. It is called a "hyperradient," the inside diameter of the lens being about nine feet and that of the glass lantern inclosing it 16 feet.

The lens of the Navesink light incloses a powerful electric arc. But, generally speaking, kerosene is the preferred illuminant for many lighthouses.

A lens frequently is built up of glass prisms arranged in panels, the object being to concentrate the light into a beam of maximum brilliancy and range. Some lighthouse lenses are so arranged as to revolve, a contrivance of the sort, weighing perhaps 6,000 pounds, being floated upon mercury and thereby turned so easily that a small bit of clockwork actuated by a 100-pound weight will operate it.

A Place for Everybody.

"Yes," proudly announced the ex-captain who is now manager of the new $10,000,000 hotel, "all our employees are former service men—every one of them. The desk clerk is an old top kicker, the floor clerks have all been noncoms in charge of quarters, the chef was a mess sergeant, the waiters were all permanent K. P.'s, the house doctor was a base hospital surgeon, the house detective was an intelligence policeman, the bell-hops were dog-robbers."

"And have you any former M. P.'s?" he was asked.

"Yes," he replied. "When there's a good stiff wind blowing we use them as outside window washers on the eighteenth floor."

Something Missing.

"This catalogue is no good," said a man visiting the art museum, according to a story that has reached us. "There ain't any prices on it."

"What," said his wife. "You weren't thinking of buying any?"

"Certainly not," replied the complainer. "But how can you be expected to appreciate pictures if you don't know the price of them?"—Boston Transcript.

BATTLED OVER PIPE ORGAN

Its Introduction Into Scottish Church, for Which James Watt Was Responsible, Made Trouble.

The current appreciations of James Watt, inventor of the steam engine, have not, so far as we have seen, called forth any protest from the Wee Frees.

Yet Watt was responsible for the first pipe organ built in Scotland, and round it raged one of the fiercest controversies in the history of the movement against instrumental music in the Scottish church.

The story of the organ itself was told fully when the instrument was given a year ago to the Glasgow corporation. It was built by Watt in his house in High street in 1762, and in 1807 found its way into St. Andrew's church, Glasgow. On hearing that the organ was to be played during divine service, the lord provost of the day wrote to Dr. Ritchie, minister of the church, and an enthusiastic fiddler, "begging to know of him if such was really the case," and adding that, if so, he would consider it his duty to enter a solemn protest against him and the congregation for all damages which might be the consequence. Dr. Ritchie was also held personally responsible for "any breach of the peace which might possibly be occasioned by the innovation he had attempted to introduce."

After being used for one Sunday, the organ was closed by command of the Presbytery; and then the floods of controversy were let loose. The "friends of music" were forcible, if not very polite, in a series of pamphlets. Both sides, of course, quoted Scripture freely; and in a Presbytery minute the writer of the pro-organ pamphlets was convicted of "culpable inaccuracy and a scandalous violation of the truth." History, so far as we know, does not record what Watt thought of it all.

The old organ is now the property of Glasgow corporation and stands in the Central hall of the Kelven-Grove galleries.

Australia's Young Citizens.

The problem of destitute children was recently considered by the emigration sectional committee of the British national council of women at Caxton hall, when Kingsley Fairbridge described the work of the children's farm schools in western Australia. Mr. Fairbridge, who is headmaster at the schools, explained that the institution was started in 1909 by the Child Emigration society, when a party of destitute children was sent out from England to Western Australia. The school dealt with the poorest children they could find. In addition to their education, which was supplied by the government of Western Australia, they received instruction in agriculture, and each child turned out by the school was a new citizen for Western Australia and a potential farmer.

Three Witches of Belvoir.

Here are their names: Anne Baker, Jeane Willimott, Ellen Greene. And, above all, here is the name of their cat, "Rutterkin." For by means of Rutterkin they entered, said they, into communion with familiar spirits. These three witches, who lived in 1618, were the confidential servants of the earl of Rutland at Belvoir castle, England. They had a grudge—today we should say a "grouch"—against the earl and determined upon revenge. They managed to pluck a hair from the head of a member of the family, and they burned it for ill luck. They securely made off with the glove of the earl and rubbed it on the back of Rutterkin to call down bodily harm on the glove's owner. They were believed to have accomplished the death of the earl's son, through frightening the boy, and they were tried at Lincoln, condemned, and burned at the stake for the crime of "witchcraft." At that era the question of "witchcraft" was stalking through the world.

Like Oldtime Sea Story.

A tale of piracy, with an oldtime flavor, comes from the Orient. Between Hongkong and Macao, the captain of an oil junk was surprised to observe seven men, armed to the teeth, standing in an open boat alongside. Four of them had rifles, two had two revolvers each, and the seventh had a revolver and a dagger. As the captain refused to surrender his vessel when called upon to do so, the pirates fired into the air in order to intimidate him. This had the desired effect, for the junk was stopped and the pirates clambered aboard. They overpowered the crew and steered the ship for an island where another vessel was anchored. They transferred the cargo to it, took everything they could remove and then liberated the imprisoned crew and let them sail away in their empty junk. The pirates kidnaped two of the crew, evidently being short of men.

Human Eyes Delicate.

The exquisite delicacy of operation on the human eye was well brought out in an address on removing foreign bodies from the eyeball delivered before the American Medical association by Dr. John O. McReynolds of Dallas, Tex., and by the discussion that followed. It is comparatively easy to cut out a foreign body, but the operation is a failure unless the eye heals with its normal sight. To cut into the vitreous part of the eye and risk losing some of the vitreous substance, to make the pupil or the iris heal in such a way that there shall be no scar, are tasks that call for extraordinary skill and perfect technique.

Making Hay.

"Prices will eventually have to come down."

"That's what I think," assented the profiteer, "and that's why I consider it advisable to boost 'em a little more now."—Louisville Courier-Journal.